## VOCABULARY: (almost) all the words you need!

$\boxtimes$ In order to pass your exam, you need a good grasp of English vocabulary, both basic and advanced. To this end, your English teacher has compiled lists of the most important words.
$\boxed{ }$ All words are presented in context, i.e. in example sentences, with the relevant word replaced by the symbol $\sim$.
$\boxtimes\rangle$ When studying, fold away the left-hand column, then read the sentences until you are able to come up with the missing word. The right-hand columns are there to give you hints or related words and expressions.
$\boxed{\text { It }}$ is essential that you write down all the missing words - just being able to say them is not enough!

| BASIC VOCABULARY <br> (Grade 11) |  | ADVANCED VOCABULARY <br> (Grade 12) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | THINKING | 15 | MORE PREPOSITIONS |
| 2 | LINKING WORDS | 16 | IDIOMS WITH PREPOSITIONS |
| 3 | LEISURE | 17 | SOCIETY |
| 4 | TRAVELLING | 18 | EDUCATION |
| 5 | VERBS AND NOUNS | 19 | MULTICULTURAL SOCIETY |
| 6 | MORE VERBS AND NOUNS | 20 | MASS MEDIA |
| 7 | EVEN MORE VERBS AND NOUNS | 21 | MASS MEDIA (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ PART) |
| 8 | ADDITIONAL VERBS AND NOUNS | 22 | LAW AND ORDER |
| 9 | SOME FINAL VERBS AND NOUNS | 23 | MORE LAW AND ORDER |
| 10 | -ING OR INFINITIVE AFTER VERBS | 24 | THE ECONOMY (I) |
| 11 | ADJECTIVES | 25 | THE ECONOMY (II) |
| 12 | MORE ADJECTIVES | 26 | POLITICS |
| 13 | ADVERBS | 27 | MORE POLITICS |
| 14 | PREPOSITIONS | 28 | SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY |
|  |  | 29 | ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS |
|  |  | 30 | INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY |


| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a thought ( n ) (be lost) in thought | We all agreed that this was an extremely interesting ~. He didn't hear what I said since he was completely ~. | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ thoughtful (adj) |
| imagination (n) | Poets, artists, and inventors need a lively ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ imaginative (adj) |
| consider (sb as : v) take into consideration | His boss $\sim$ s him as not suitable for the job. They will take every serious offer into ~. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline=\operatorname{regard}(\mathrm{as})(\mathrm{v}) \\ & \rightarrow \text { considerable (adj) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| take sth seriously | He simply refused to take anything $\sim(=$ accept that sth is important and deserves your attention). |  | Is that a joke or are you serious? |
| a belief (n) | After the accident, she seemed to have lost her $\sim$ in God. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { faith (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { believe in sth (v) } \end{aligned}$ |
| estimate (v) | We had $\sim$ d that the work would take about an hour but we were proved wrong. |  | $\rightarrow$ an estimation (n) |
| expect (v) <br> an expectation (n) | What time do you $\sim$ her to arrive? <br> In the twentieth century people's $\sim$ of life has greatly increased. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { ~ a baby } \\ & =\text { life expectancy (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| (make up your) mind (change your) mind | I can't make $\sim$ my $\sim$ about what to do next. He got his bike, but then he $\sim$ d his mind and went by bus. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { decide } \\ & =\sim \text { your opinion } \end{aligned}$ |
| memory (n) | That day remained in her $\sim$ for the rest of her life. |  | $\rightarrow$ remember sth |
| remind sb (of sth : v) | We must $\sim$ him to return the book that he has borrowed. |  | $\rightarrow$ That $\sim$ s me. |
| misunderstand (sth) (misunderstood, ~) | She had completely $\sim$ what I was trying to say and took it as an insult. |  | $\rightarrow$ misunderstanding <br> ( n ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { emphasise (-ize : v) } \\ & \text { emphasis (n) } \end{aligned}$ | Their instructor had $\sim \mathrm{d}$ the importance of driving carefully, especially in wet weather. <br> My high school puts great $\sim$ on studies that prepare its students for college. |  | $=$ stress sth (v) |
| an opinion (n) public opinion ( n ) | In my $\sim$ there is no difference between the two. <br> Public ~ is strongly against higher taxes. |  | = I'm of the ~ that ... |
| a point of view (n) | They interviewed many people in order to get several points of ~. |  | = a perspective |
| concerned (adj) | As far as I'm $\sim$, I would be more than willing to give it a try. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\begin{array}{l} \text { from my point } \\ \text { of view } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| ```criticize (-ise) (sb for sth : v) a critic (n)``` | His insurance company has $\sim \mathrm{d}$ him for taking unnecessary risks. <br> By winning a gold medal she has proved to her $\sim s$ that she is still in great shape. |  | $\rightarrow$ criticism (n) $\rightarrow$ be critical of sth (adj) |
| an inquiry (also: en-) (n) | We are getting a lot of $\sim$ ies from travel agencies about our new London-Berlin service. |  |  |
| research (n) <br> investigate (v) | The government spends millions of dollars on $\sim$ into the causes of cancer. <br> When he heard a noise, he went downstairs to $\sim$ what it was. |  | ```\(\rightarrow\) carry out medical / scientific ~ \(\rightarrow\) a private investigator``` |
| an outline ( n ) <br> summarise sth (v) | The book is basically an $\sim$ of the most important steps in the development of the English language. <br> You should be able to ~ the author's main ideas in no more than 150 words. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { a summary (n) } \\ & =\text { sum up (v) } \end{aligned}$ |
| a message (n) | As you weren't at home I left a $\sim$ in your letter box. - send ( $\leftrightarrow$ receive) a message - |  | $\rightarrow$ ~ in a bottle |
| refer to sth (v) | Although she didn't mention our names, everyone knew who she was $\sim$ ring to. |  | $\rightarrow$ a reference book <br> ( n ) |
| a survey (n) | According to a recent $\sim, 36 \%$ of all women don't feel safe walking home alone at night. |  | $\rightarrow$ a nationwide ~ |
| a questionnaire (n) | Please fill in all the answers and return the $\sim$ to the address given above. |  | $\rightarrow$ question sb (v) |
| report sth (v) | The royal wedding was $\sim$ ed in the press yesterday. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \sim(\mathrm{n}) \\ & \rightarrow \sim \text { ed speech }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| a quotation (n) | "To be or not to be" is a famous ~ by Shakespeare. |  | $\rightarrow$ quote sb / sth (v) |
| an encyclopaedia (n) (also: -edia) | An $\sim$ is a large book that contains background information about many topics in alphabetical order. |  | \# dictionary |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (2): LINKING WORDS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| when if | I will phone you $\sim$ I get home. I will be home at seven $\sim$ I catch the train at 5 p.m. |  | = as soon as <br> =on condition that |
| unless | She will die $\sim$ the doctors operate on her immediately. |  | = if not |
| even if | ~ you are just going on a short drive, you should always have your driving license with you. |  |  |
| while whereas | Maria cleaned the kitchen $\sim$ I did the bathroom. The south of the country is hot and dry, $\sim$ the north gets quite a lot of rain. |  |  |
| until | Black people were denied the right to vote in the US ~ well into the 1950's. |  | = till |
| after | Ten years $\sim$ I had bought the painting I discovered that it was fake. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\sim \text { buying } \\ & \leftrightarrow \text { before } \end{aligned}$ |
| first (of all) then finally | We had a great holiday. ~ we spent some days skiing in Switzerland. ~ we drove to Italy and stayed on the coast for a few days. <br> $\sim$, we went back to the Swiss Alps and met some old friends there. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { in the beginning } \\ & =\text { after that } / \\ & \text { afterwards } \\ & =\begin{array}{l} \text { in the end } / \\ \\ \text { eventually } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| first(ly) <br> secondly thirdly | Why can't we go away this weekend? - ~ because I'm busy this weekend. <br> $\sim$ you have got a lot of school work to do. And $\sim$ we are planning to go away next weekend. | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { to begin with }=\text { for o } \\ & =\text { besides }=\text { for anothe } \\ & =\text { to conclude }=\text { anywa } \end{aligned}$ | e thing <br> (thing) |
| furthermore | The set meal is just $\$ 15$, which is excellent value. ~, you get a free glass of house wine. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { in addition } \\ & =\text { what's more } \end{aligned}$ |
| although despite | She still won the match ~ she had injured her knee. He didn't pass his exams ~ the help I had given him. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { though/ even though } \\ & \text { = in spite of } \end{aligned}$ |
| however | Most big cats, e.g. tigers and leopards, are quite solitary creatures. Lions, $\sim$, spend most of their time in a group. |  | = on the other hand |
| nevertheless | He insisted that everything would be all right. ~, I couldn't help feeling anxious. |  | = all the same |
| due to | $\sim$ the repeated power cuts last night, I missed part of the late film on TV. |  | = because of |
| so that | We moved house $\sim$ we could send our children to this school. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\text { The purpose of } \\ \text { moving was... } \end{gathered}$ |
| therefore | She is extremely hardworking. ~ she has deserved being promoted. |  | = for that reason |
| provided (that) | I don't mind if he joins us on the trip $\sim$ he pays for his own meals. |  | = on condition that |
| on the one hand ... on the other hand | ~ I really want to sell the house, but ~ I can't bear the thought of having to move again. |  |  |
| similarly | At the conference, men have to wear a jacket and tie. $\sim$, women are asked to wear a skirt or dress. |  |  |
| on the contrary | It was not wise to act that way. $\sim$, I think it was a huge mistake. |  | = by contrast |
| to sum up | $\sim$, our first priority should be to concentrate on staff training. |  | = overall |
| to conclude | ~, I would like to once again thank the court for giving me this opportunity to speak. |  | $\rightarrow$ draw a conclusion |
| in order to | $\sim$ understand how the human body works, you need to have some knowledge of chemistry. |  |  |
| in addition | The hotel itself can accommodate 80 guests. ~, there are also ten self-catering apartments. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { additionally } \\ & =\text { on top of that } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { either ... or } \\ & \text { neither ... nor } \end{aligned}$ | $\sim$ the room is too small $\sim$ the piano is too large. She has met $\sim$ her father $\sim$ her mother. |  |  |
| not only ... but (also) | $\sim$ did they break into his office, $\sim$ they also stole all his books. |  |  |
| consequently | Both the manager and her assistant were ill. $\sim$, there wasn't anybody to take any decisions. |  | = as a result |

BASIC VOCABULARY (3) : LEISURE

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spare time (n) leisure ( n ) | Most people spend their $\sim$ watching television. Shorter working hours mean that people have more ~. <br> - ~ activities / facilities / clothing / centre - |  | = free time (n) |
| a pastime (n) | His favourite $\sim$ is collecting stamps. |  | = hobby (n) |
| recreation (n) | What do you do for $\sim$ ? - Well, I enjoy drawing and painting. |  | F relaxation (n) |
| equipment (n) | If you want to go mountaineering, it is essential for you to have all the necessary ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ equip (sb with sth :v) |
| cater for sb (v) | They have founded a holiday company that $\sim s$ for elderly tourists. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { provides them with } \\ & \text { everything they need } \end{aligned}$ |
| at sb's disposal (n) | He seems to have a considerable sum of money at his ~. |  |  |
| favourite (adj) | Who's your ~ actor - Tom Cruise or Brad Pitt? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { favour / prefer } \\ & \text { sb / sth (v) } \end{aligned}$ |
| (do / take) exercise (n) | Everybody should do at least fifteen minutes of ~each day. |  | = work out (v) |
| a gym(nasium) (n) | A $\sim$ is a hall that has equipment for doing physical exercise. |  | $\rightarrow$ gymnastics (n) |
| rewarding (adj) a sense of achievement <br> (n) | Most people who work out regularly say that doing sports is extremely ~ because it provides you with a sense of ~. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a reward (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { achieve sth (v) } \end{aligned}$ |
| a competition (n) <br> a competitor (n) | Leeds United were knocked out of the European ~in the first round. The other British $\sim s$ were more successful. |  | $\rightarrow$ compete (with sb:v) competitive (adj) |
| participate (in : v) | Many of the competitors were invited to $\sim$ in TV talk shows. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { take part }(\mathrm{in}) \\ & \rightarrow \text { a participant }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| DIY | She has just bought a book on $\sim$ in order to be able to make her own furniture. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { do-it-yourself } \\ & \rightarrow \text { a DIY-store (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| a collection (n) | His only interest was his $\sim$ of rare old books. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \rightarrow \text { collect sth (v) } \\ \rightarrow \text { a collector }(\mathrm{n}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| a host / a hostess (n) | The ~ welcomed all the guests personally when they arrived. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ a guest (n) |
| (visit) relatives (n) | Visiting $\sim$ at the weekend is one of the social obligations many people dislike. |  | $\rightarrow$ be related (to sb) |
| farewell (n) | He went away without saying $\sim$, he didn't even write her a ~ letter. |  | $\rightarrow$ say goodbye |
| gamble (v) | $\sim$ ing, e.g. roulette, is not allowed in most American states. |  | $\rightarrow$ take a gamble |
| luck (n) | Whether you win or lose in roulette is just a question of |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { good ~ } \\ & \rightarrow \text { bad ~ } \end{aligned}$ |
| guess (v) | If you don't know the exact answer, just ~. |  | = have a guess (v) |
| cheat (v) | Jack always tries to $\sim$ at cards, so we usually watch him carefully during games. |  | $\rightarrow$ a cheat ( n ) |
| a spectator (n) | The friendly match between the two national teams attracted more than $40,000 \sim s$. |  |  |
| an audience ( n ) | The ~ began clapping and cheering when the curtain rose and the star of the evening entered the stage. |  | $\rightarrow$ a live ~ |
| crowded (with : adj) busy (adj) | The five o'clock train is always $\sim$ with commuters. Oxford Street was so ~ that we could hardly move. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \text { crowd ( } \mathrm{n}) \\ & \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \sim \text { telephone line } \end{aligned}$ |
| a conductor (n) | A ~ is someone who stands in front of a group of musicians and directs their playing. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \rightarrow \text { conduct (v) } \\ \quad \text { an experiment) } \end{array}$ |
| a supporter (n) | Many people in England don't like football ~s because they think they're all hooligans. |  | $\underset{\text { (v) }}{ } \rightarrow \text { support (a team) }$ |
| outdoor (adj) | Lisa prefers ~ activities like hiking and cycling to staying at home. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ indoor (Adj) <br> $\rightarrow$ an indoor arena |
| wrestle (v) | I spent two hours ~ing with my maths homework. |  | $\rightarrow$ a wrestler (n) |


| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a vacation (n: AmE) | They are going to France for their $\sim$. |  | $\rightarrow$ holiday (n) |
| a travel agency (n) | Thomas Cook is one of Britain's largest $\sim$ ies. |  | $\rightarrow$ a business traveller $\rightarrow$ travel by $\rightarrow$ rail/sea/air |
| arrive (at / in) (v) depart (from) (v) | I hope our train to the airport will $\sim$ on time. Our tour $\sim \mathrm{s}$ from Heathrow Airport on March 31 and returns April 16. |  | $\rightarrow \operatorname{arrival}(\mathrm{n})$ <br> $\rightarrow$ departure (n) <br> $\rightarrow$ a departure lounge |
| go abroad (v) | She works for an international corporation, so she regularly goes $\sim$ on business. |  |  |
| a resort (n) | Thirty years ago, Blackpool was Britain's most popular holiday ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ a seaside resort ( n ) <br> $\rightarrow$ a mountain resort |
| a spa (n) | $\mathrm{A} \sim$ is a resort with a spring of mineral water which is supposed to improve your health. |  | $\qquad$ |
| a flight (n) | The last $\sim$ to Nuremberg leaves Heathrow at 9 p.m. |  | $\rightarrow$ fly / flew / flown (v) <br> $\rightarrow$ a flight attendant |
| a package tour (n) | Today modern technology enables travellers to book a $\sim$ up to three hours before their departure. |  | $\rightarrow$ the packaging of a product |
| a journey (n) a voyage ( n ) <br> a cruise (n) | After a long ~ we finally arrived in East Asia. <br> The voyage from England to India used to take six months. <br> We have booked a $\sim$ through the Mediterranean Sea. |  | $\rightarrow \mathrm{a}$ trip (n) $\rightarrow$ a cruise liner ( n ) |
| a return ticket (n) | A $\sim$ is often cheaper than two singles. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ a single ticket ( n ) |
| sight-seeing ( n ) | After two days of $\sim$ he was so tired that he fell asleep on the bus. |  | $\rightarrow$ at first sight |
| a guided tour ( n ) | They offer a ~ of the cathedral every other hour. |  | $\rightarrow \mathrm{a}$ guide ( n ) |
| luggage ( n ) <br> a suitcase ( n ) | All ~ should be checked in at the airport at least one hour before departure. <br> His ~ was so full that he wasn't able to shut its lid. |  | $\text { = baggage ( } \mathrm{n}: \text { AmE) }$ <br> $\rightarrow$ ~ reclaim (n) |
| a vacancy (n) | The sign outside the hotel said: No ~ies. |  | $\rightarrow$ vacant (adj) |
| a youth hostel (n) | Children over fourteen are welcome to stay at British $\sim s$ on their own. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { YHA }= \\ & \sim \text { Association } \end{aligned}$ |
| a visa (n) | She arrived in the United States with a tourist $\sim$ but she didn't possess a work permit. |  | $\rightarrow \mathrm{a}$ work permit (n) |
| customs (n) <br> declare sth (v) | When we had collected our luggage we had to pass through ~. <br> Customs officer: "Have you got anything to ~" |  | $\rightarrow$ a customs officer <br> $\rightarrow$ a duty-free shop (n) |
| a trailer (n) | In American English, a $\sim$ is a vehicle that can be pulled behind a car, used for living and sleeping in. |  | $\rightarrow$ mobile home / RV (recreational vehicle) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { a camp site }(\mathrm{n}) \\ \text { a tent }(\mathrm{n}) \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | She was staying at a $\sim$ in the middle of the wilderness. It took us two hours to put up our new ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ go camping |
| a pavement (n) | You are not permitted to ride your motorbike on the $\sim$. |  | = a sidewalk (US) |
| a pedestrian (n) <br> a pedestrian crossing <br> a pedestrian precinct | Pavements are for $\sim s$ only. <br> The accident happened at the $\sim$ when a car didn't stop. Vehicles are not permitted to use $\sim$ s. |  | $\rightarrow$ cross the street <br> = a pedestrian mall ( n ) |
| $a$ bend ( n ) | The accident happened when he drove too fast round a narrow ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ to bend (bent / ~) |
| a crossroads (n) | When you come to the next $\sim$, turn right. |  | $=$ an intersection (US) |
| traffic lights ( n ) | He went across the crossroads although the $\sim$ were red. |  | $\rightarrow$ traffic signs (n) |
| a traffic jam (n) | The accident caused a long ~ on the motorway. |  | $\rightarrow$ traffic congestion |
| a car park (n) <br> a parking space ( n ) | He parked the rental car in the underground $\sim$. She drove along slowly, looking for a ~. |  | = a parking lot (AmE) |
| public transport ( n ) | There would be fewer traffic jams if more people used $\sim$, i.e. buses and trains. |  | $\rightarrow$ go by tube / subway |
| a fare ( n ) | Young people under 26 can travel at a reduced $\sim$. |  | $\rightarrow$ a coach / train ~ |
| a residential area (n) | A ~ is a part of town consisting of private houses rather than factories or offices. |  | $\rightarrow$ local residents (n) |
| suburbs (n) | $\sim s$ are residential areas outside the city centre. |  | $\rightarrow$ suburban (adj) |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (5): VERBS AND NOUNS

| WORDS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a solution (n) | That problem was hard; its $\sim$ took several hours. |  | $\rightarrow$ solve a problem |
| manage to do sth (v) | How did they $\sim$ to get out of the burning building unharmed? |  | $\rightarrow$ a manager (n) |
| ability (n) disability (n) | He has the $\sim$ to solve complex technical problems. The government tries to help people who are unable to work because of illness or ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ be (un)able <br> (to do sth) <br> $\rightarrow$ be disabled |
| a volunteer ( n ) voluntary (adj) | He asked for two $\sim \mathrm{s}$ to clean the blackboard. She does ~ work in the nearby hospital. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \sim \text { to do sth (v) } \\ & =\text { unpaid } \end{aligned}$ |
| ```intend (v) intention (to do sth : n)``` | This medicine did not have the ~ed effect. I'm sorry. It wasn't my ~ to hurt you. |  | $\rightarrow$ intentional (adj) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { mean (to do sth : v) } \\ \text { (meant } / \sim \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | I ~ [PAST] to ask you to buy some bread on your way home but I completely forgot about it. |  | $\neq \mathrm{X}$ means Y |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { act (v) } \\ & \text { an actor (n) } \end{aligned}$ | If we don't ~ quickly, it will be too late. <br> An $\sim$ is a person who acts on a stage, in motion pictures or on television. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ do nothing <br> $\rightarrow$ Tom Cruise is a famous $\sim$. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { invent sth (v) } \\ & \text { an invention (n) } \end{aligned}$ | When she had no good reason for being late, she simply $\sim$ ed some excuse. <br> Television is a modern ~. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { an inventor (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { inventive (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| afford (to do sth) (v) | They had to walk home since they couldn't $\sim$ to take a taxi. |  | $\rightarrow$ affordable prices |
| consist of (v) | This cake has been made from a ready-made mixture $\sim$ ing of flour, milk, eggs and raisins. |  | = be composed of |
| belong (to sb/sth :v) <br> sb's belongings ( n ) | Our planet does not $\sim$ to mankind. On the contrary, mankind $\sim$ s to our planet. <br> Several passengers lost all their $\sim$ in the fire. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { own / possess sth } \\ & (\mathrm{v}) \\ & =\text { possessions }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| lend (lent , ~) (v) borrow (sth from sb:v) | I'll ~you \$ 5 till Friday. But only if you promise to pay it back. <br> Could I ~ some money ~ you, please? |  | $\rightarrow$ a moneylender (n) |
| achieve sth (v) achievement (n) | I've tried to convince her, but I haven't $\sim \mathrm{d}$ anything. Many people think that the computer is the greatest ~ of our century. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { succeed in } \\ & \text { reaching a goal } \end{aligned}$ |
| affect (v) affected by | Politicians take decisions which ~our lives. Help will be sent to the areas most $\sim$ by the hurricane. |  | = have an effect on |
| develop (v) <br> a development (n) | All land animals are believed to have $\sim$ ed from sea animals. <br> Her child had had a difficult birth, so her doctor followed its ~ closely. |  | $\rightarrow$ ~ing countries |
| appeal (v) | The Murrays have $\sim$ ed to the public for any information about their missing daughter |  | $\rightarrow$ an appeal (n) |
| fail (v) succeed (in doing sth) | He tried hard to learn to sing properly, but he $\sim$ ed. He was extremely tired, but he didn't $\sim$ in finding an empty seat. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a failure (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { a success (n) } \\ & \text { successful (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ```practise (doing sth) (v / US: -ce) practice (n)``` | When he broke his arm, he had to ~ writing with his left hand. <br> $\sim$ is as important for great sportsmen as it is for great musicians. |  | $\rightarrow$ Practice makes perfect. (Proverb) |
| revise sth (v) <br> (do) revision (n) | A stubborn person is unwilling to $\sim$ his or her opinion. If you want to pass your final exam, you'll have to do quite a lot of ~. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = change / alter sth } \\ & \text { = study (v) } \end{aligned}$ |
| additional (adj) in addition | The government is providing an $\sim \$ 25$ million in order to expand this service. <br> In $\sim$, fifty ambulances will be on duty until midnight. |  | $\rightarrow$ add sth (v) <br> $\rightarrow$ addition (n) <br> $\leftrightarrow$ subtraction (n) |
| attach sth (v) | A copy of my CV is $\sim$ ed to this letter. |  | $\rightarrow$ an attachment (n) |
| abbreviate sth (v) <br> an abbreviation (n) | We can ~ "mile" to "m", "inch" to "in, "hour" to "hr." etc. <br> "UK" is the $\sim$ for United Kingdom. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { to shorten sth (v) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { brief (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (6) : MORE VERBS AND NOUNS

| WORDS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pretend (to do sth : v) a pretence (n / US: -se) | Are these people really mad or are they only ~ing to be? Under the $\sim$ of picking up her handkerchief, she took the money he had lost. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \rightarrow \text { to be ill } \\ =\text { act as if } \\ \text { (you were ill) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| a liar (n) <br> lie (to sb: v) <br> (lying / lied) | You should never believe anything he tries to tell you He is the greatest $\sim$ on earth. <br> He was ~ing to us when he said he hadn't touched the money. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { a person who does } \\ & \text { not tell the truth } \\ & \rightarrow \text { a lie }(\mathrm{n}) \\ & \text { tell lies } \end{aligned}$ |
| lie (v: lay / lain) <br> lay (v: laid / laid) | He ~ (PAST) on his back, enjoying the warm afternoon sun. <br> Make sure you $\sim$ the baby down gently. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \rightarrow \sim \text { in bed } \\ & \rightarrow \text { lay eggs } \end{aligned}$ |
| burst (v: burst / burst) | The pipes had ~ and the house was under two feet of water. |  | $\overrightarrow{\text { excitement }} \sim \quad \text { with }$ |
| ignore sth (v) ignorant (adj) | As usual, he $\sim \mathrm{d}$ all my warnings. Saying that the earth is flat is an $\sim$ remark. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ pay attention to <br> $\rightarrow$ ignorance ( n ) |
| confuse (v) | I always $\sim$ her with her twin sister. They look absolutely similar. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { mix up } \mathrm{X} \text { with } \mathrm{Y} \\ & \rightarrow \text { confusing (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| disturb (v) | She'll get angry if you $\sim$ her while she's working. |  | $\rightarrow \quad \rightarrow \text { a disturbing fact }$ |
| annoy (v) | It $\sim$ s me that you always act so selfishly. Please don't cry, I didn't mean to ~ you. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { annoying (adj) } \\ & =\text { upset sb (v) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| (be/get) used to <br> (doing sth) <br> used (to do sth) | He is ~ getting up early (He does it every day). She thought she would never get $\sim$ to living in a big city. I $\sim$ to smoke, but I gave it up a couple of years ago. (= I smoked regularly, but I have quit) |  | = accustomed to <br> $\rightarrow$ in the past |
| a habit (n) | It is all right to borrow money occasionally, but you shouldn't let it become a $\sim$. |  | $\rightarrow$ get used to sth |
| an advantage ( n ) a drawback (n) | One $\sim$ of having a car is an increase in flexibility. Our trip was extremely interesting, but the rainy weather was a real ~. |  | = a disadvantage ( n ) |
| influence sb / sth (v) <br> influence (n) | It is a well-known fact that our thoughts are $\sim$ ed by what we read. <br> His parents no longer have any ~ over him. |  | $\rightarrow$ an influential man <br> $\rightarrow$ drive under the $\sim$ |
| convince (sb that) (v) | She wasn't able to $\sim$ her father that she needed more money. |  | $\rightarrow$ convincing (adj) |
| force (sb to do sth : v) (use) force ( n ) | Give it to me at once, or I will $\sim$ you to do it. The robber had to use $\sim$ to get into the house. |  | = violence ( n ) |
| bury (v) <br> a graveyard/ <br> a cemetery (n) | He was ~ied in the graveyard of St Mary's. <br> In his dreams he saw the spirits rising from the ~ |  | $\rightarrow$ a burial (n) |
| refuse (to do sth : v) <br> a refusal (n) | No clever person would $\sim$ to accept such an attractive offer. <br> His $\sim$ to pay the fine got him into even more trouble. |  | $\rightarrow$ the offer seemed too good to ~ |
| predict sth (v) predictable (adj) | They have ~ed wet and cool weather for the weekend. The film was boring and its ending was $\sim$. |  | = a weather forecast |
| to encourage sb (to do sth : v) courage (n) | He felt $\sim \mathrm{d}$ by the progress he had been able to make so far. <br> It has always been my intention to ask the manager for more money but I lack the $\sim$ to actually do it. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \leftrightarrow \text { discourage sb (v) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { courageous (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| bottom (n) from top to bottom | Sign your name at the $\sim$ of the page, please. <br> The police searched her flat from ~, but they couldn't find any clues. |  | $\rightarrow$ your signature (n) |
| divide sth (v) multiply sth (v) | If you $\sim 81$ by 9 , you get 9 as the result. $11 \sim$ ied by 10 is 110 . |  | $\rightarrow$ division (n) $\rightarrow$ multiplication (n) |
| blame sb (for sth) (v) | I don't ~you ~ what you have done - I think your action was completely justified. <br> "A bad workman ~s his tools." (Proverb) |  | $\rightarrow \underset{\text { (for sth) }}{\rightarrow \text { take the blame }}$ |
| disagree with (sb / sth) <br> (v) | I strongly ~ with spending such a large amount of money on a car. |  | $\rightarrow \underset{\text { reach an agree- }}{\text { ment }(\mathrm{n})} \mathrm{t}$ |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (7) : EVEN MORE VERBS AND NOUNS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a remark (n) remarkable (adj) | His ironic $\sim$ s led to a heated argument. It was $\sim$ that the only injury he got in the accident was a bruised elbow. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { a comment (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { exceptional (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| demand sth (v) | When the doctor ~ed payment for his treatment, she had to admit that she was broke. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { a demand }(\mathrm{n}) \\ \text { reasonable } \sim \mathrm{s} \end{gathered}$ |
| claim (that : v) <br> a claim (n) | Strangely enough, after the battle both sides ~ed victory. His only $\sim$ to fame is that he was at school with our present prime minister. |  | $=$ assert sth (v) |
| complain (about : v) | When she ~ed about her food, the waiter promised to bring her something else immediately. |  | $\rightarrow$ a complaint (n) |
| disappointing (adj) | With cool and wet weather the summer has been rather ~ this year. |  | $\rightarrow$ (be) disappointed |
| defeat sb (v) | The opposition parties hope to $\sim$ the government in the next election. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a defeat }(\mathrm{n}) \\ & \rightarrow \text { admit defeat }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { gain (n) } \\ \text { gain (v) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | One person's loss is another person's ~. The sport has $\sim$ ed in popularity in recent years. |  | $\rightarrow$ gain strength / weight etc. |
| an aim (n) | The main ~ of the course is to improve students' language skills. |  | = a goal (n) |
| attempt (v) an attempt <br> (to do sth : n) | Several prisoners ~ed an escape, but they failed. <br> My first ~ to bake a chocolate cake was a complete failure - it tasted really awful! |  | $\rightarrow$ attempted murder <br> $\rightarrow$ a rescue attempt |
| (make an) effort (n) | We made a real $\sim$ to finish the test in time, but there were simply too many questions. |  | $\rightarrow$ a waste of time and effort |
| available (adj) <br> availability (n) | There are still some tickets $\sim$ for tonight's play at the theatre's box office. <br> This special offer is subject to $\sim$. |  | $\begin{array}{r} =\text { sth that can } \\ \text { be obtained } \end{array}$ |
| a discovery (n) | American biologists have recently made some important new ~ies. |  | $\rightarrow$ discover sth (v) |
| (be in) doubt (n) | You shouldn't marry him if you are still in ~ about his character. |  | $\rightarrow$ without any doubt <br> $\rightarrow$ doubt sth (v) |
| nod (your head) (v) | Kindly $\sim$ your head if you understand what I'm saying and shake it if you don't. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ shake (shook/shaken :v) |
| continue (v) | According to the latest forecast wet weather is likely to ~ for a few more days. |  | $\rightarrow$ ~ing uncertainty <br> $\rightarrow$ to be continued |
| embarrassed (adj) | There was a long $\sim$ silence after he had confessed to his parents that he was gay. |  | $\rightarrow$ an embarrassing question / incident |
| deceive (v) | You won't pass your exams without working hard, so don't ~ yourself into thinking you can. <br> He has been ~ing his wife for years. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { deceit (n) } \\ & =\text { be unfaithful to sb } \end{aligned}$ |
| be determined (to do sth) | He always says that he is $\sim$ to succeed at university, but his actions tell a different story. |  | $\rightarrow$ act with determination |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { a decline (n / v) } \\ & \text { decrease (v) } \end{aligned}$ | There has been $\mathrm{a} \sim$ in the size of families. <br> The birth rate in Western Europe has been ~ing for several decades. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { a decrease (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { an economic } \\ & \text { decline } \end{aligned}$ |
| notice sth (v) | When the pilot $\sim \mathrm{d}$ that his plane was losing fuel it was already too late. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \rightarrow \text { a noticeable } \\ \text { (increase) } \end{array}$ |
| experience (n) | Few people in wealthy countries have had the $\sim$ of real hunger. <br> We all learn by ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ know sth from ~ <br> $\rightarrow$ experienced (adj) an $\sim$ driver |
| happen (v) <br> happen (to do sth: v) | Jane hasn't come home yet - I really hope nothing has ~ed to her. <br> He ~ed to walk past the building when a bank robbery took place. |  | $\rightarrow$ Don't worry - this could $\sim$ to anybody. |
| delay (n) | It is already quite late. We should really start working now without any further ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ be delayed (adj) |
| to run out of sth (v) | I really hope we'll see a petrol station soon - We will be ~ning ~ petrol shortly. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { there won't be } \\ & \text { any petrol left } \end{aligned}$ |
| charge (v) | The restaurant has $\sim \mathrm{d}$ us $£ 40$ for the wine. The hotel ~s \$125 a night. |  | $\rightarrow$ a charge card |

BASIC VOCABULARY (8) : SOME ADDITIONAL VERBS AND NOUNS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| an insult ( n ) | She completely misunderstood what I had said and took it as an $\sim$. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { to insult } \mathrm{sb} \\ & \quad=\text { to offend } \mathrm{sb} \end{aligned}$ |
| offend sb (v) | Make sure you choose your words carefully when you talk to him. He is known to be easily ~ed. |  | $\rightarrow$ insult sb (v) |
| a permission (n) | She went home after she had received $\sim$ to leave work early. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { be permitted / } \\ & \text { allowed to do sth } \end{aligned}$ |
| obey sb / sth (n) | Soldiers are trained to $\sim$ the orders of their superiors. |  | $\rightarrow$ carry out an order |
| deserve sth (v) | He had failed his test, but everybody agreed that he $\sim \mathrm{d}$ another chance. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { an undeserved } \\ & \text { win / loss } \end{aligned}$ |
| sympathy (n) | She showed no ~ when I told her how badly I had been treated. (= she showed no pity) |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { (have) compassion } \\ & \text { with sb } \end{aligned}$ |
| recognise sb (v) | He had changed so much that I almost failed to $\sim$ him. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a recognised } \\ & \text { method } \end{aligned}$ |
| prove sth (v) | He wasn't able to $\sim$ to the police that he was innocent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \quad \text { proof }(\mathrm{n}) \\ & =\text { evidence }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| deteriorate (v) improve (v) | After the water quality of the lake had $\sim$. (become worse) for several years, it finally started to $\sim$ (get better) again. |  | $\rightarrow$ deterioration (n) <br> $\rightarrow$ improvement (n) |
| support sb (v) | Fortunately, her friends and relatives $\sim$ ed her during this severe crisis. |  | $\rightarrow \underset{\text { supporter }}{\mathrm{a} \text { (football) }}$ |
| join sth (v) | On his request he was told that he lacked the necessary qualifications to $\sim$ their association. <br> He built a simple tool by ~ing several pieces of wood with glue. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\text { become a member } \\ =\text { link several parts } \\ \leftrightarrow \text { separate (v) } \end{gathered}$ |
| float (v) | Wood $\sim s$ on water, whereas metal sinks. <br> When she raised her head she saw a huge balloon ~ing across the sky. |  | $\rightarrow$ a floating voter |
| remove sth (v) | He argued that it wasn't enough to support poor people, but to $\sim$ the causes of poverty, too. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \sim \text { a tumour } \\ & \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \text { removal }(\mathrm{n}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| scatter sth (v) | When he came in, the children had ~ed all their toys on the floor. |  |  |
| waste sth (v) <br> a waist (n) | Sadly, he seems to have $\sim \mathrm{d}$ his inheritance on women and gambling. <br> During the performance he tried to put his arm around her ~, but she didn't let him. |  | $\rightarrow$ nuclear / toxic ~ <br> $\rightarrow \sim \operatorname{disposal}(\mathrm{n})$ <br> (= part of the body) |
| a relationship (n) | When she found out that he had been unfaithful to her repeatedly, she put an end to their ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ be related to sb sb's relatives ( n ) |
| similarity (n) <br> similar (to sth) (adj) | There are many ~ies between the inhabitants of Europe and North America. <br> Their twin daughters look quite ~ I I can never manage to tell them apart. |  | ```= they are similar (to each other) / = resemble (each other)``` |
| differ (from : v) | The twins ~ from each other in their interests. |  | $\rightarrow \mathrm{a}$ difference ( n ) |
| share sth (v) <br> a share ( n ) | We weren't quite satisfied with our holiday flat since we had to ~a bathroom with our neighbours. <br> He wanted his ~of the prize money. |  | $\rightarrow$ buy Microsoft shares / stocks |
| obtain sth (v) | Vitamins and fibre are best ~ed through natural food, such as fruit and vegetables. |  | $=$ acquire sth (v) |
| supply (n) | In some areas of the country, the $\sim$ of raw materials to factories had practically come to a standstill. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \leftrightarrow \operatorname{demand}(\mathrm{n}) \\ =\text { provide (v) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| restrict sth (v) | After continuous protests by animal rights groups the government decided to $\sim$ fox hunting. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a restriction (n) } \\ & \neq \text { ban sth (v) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| interrupt sb / sth (v) | He really is an awful chatterbox. He always $\sim \mathrm{s}$ other people when they try to say something. |  | $\rightarrow$ uninterrupted <br> (adj) |
| responsible (for sth) (adj) | In the US, the Secretary of State is $\sim$ for foreign affairs. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ irresponsible <br> $\rightarrow$ responsibility (n) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { a judge (n) } \\ & \text { judge (v) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | After listening to all the witnesses, the $\sim$ passed a verdict of not guilty. <br> You shouldn't ~ people by the way they look. |  | $\rightarrow$ Judgement Day |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (9) : SOME FINAL VERBS AND NOUNS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| an introduction (n) | The ~ of steel as a building material made very tall buildings possible. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { introduce sth (v) } \\ & \text { introductory (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| a purpose (n) | His ~ was to discover how long these guests intended to stay. |  | $\rightarrow$ do sth on ~ |
| admiration (n) | Her great achievements earned her the $\sim$ of all her friends and relatives. |  | $\rightarrow$ admire sb (v) |
| a request ( n ) | Brochures with further information are available on $\sim$. |  | = ask for sth politely |
| object to (v) | Many people $\sim$ to loud noise for the simple reason that it gives them a headache. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\text { be opposed to sth } \\ =\text { dislike sth (v) } \end{gathered}$ |
| a quarrel ( n ) | They have had a furious ~ and now they refuse to speak to each other. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { have an argument } \\ & \text { (with sb) } \end{aligned}$ |
| struggle (to do sth : v) a struggle ( n ) | He $\sim \mathrm{d}$ to keep back the tears. Making babies eat their spinach is always a $\sim$. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { make a great effort } \\ & =\text { try hard } \end{aligned}$ |
| a participant (n) | There are three $\sim s$ in the competition representing Germany. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { participate in (v) } \\ =\text { take part in } \end{gathered}$ |
| involve sth (v) <br> be involved in sth | Housekeeping $\sim$ s cooking, washing dishes, sweeping, and cleaning in general. <br> The police claims that he was ~in last week's armed robbery. |  | = include / comprise <br> $\rightarrow$ participate in (v) |
| an opportunity ( n : to do sth ) | I have had no ~ to give him your message, simply because I haven't met him yet. |  | $=\mathrm{an}$ occasion (n) |
| patience (n) impatient (adj) | The cat watched the mouse hole with great $\sim$. His mother has to remind him regularly not to become ~ with his little sister. |  | $\rightarrow$ lose patience <br> $\leftrightarrow$ be patient |
| an approach (n) | Each of the speakers suggested a different $\sim$ to the problem. |  | $\rightarrow$ approaching (adj) |
| prevention (n) | They sprinkled their roof with water as a ~ against the approaching wood fire. <br> "Prevention is better than cure". (Proverb) |  | $\rightarrow$ prevent sb (from doing sth |
| regard sb as (v) <br> regarding (prep) | He is $\sim$ ed as the leading eye specialist in town. The policeman asked many questions $\sim$ the accident. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { consider sb as (v) } \\ & =\text { concerning / } \\ & \text { relating to (prep) } \end{aligned}$ |
| a settlement ( n ) | The English ~ of North America started in the seventeenth century. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \rightarrow \text { densely settled } \\ \leftrightarrow \text { sparsely settled } \end{array}$ |
| unspoiled (adj) | The Amazon region has been called one of the last remaining ~ wildernesses on earth. |  | $\rightarrow$ spoil sb/sth (v) a spoiled child |
| threaten (v) | The farmer ~ed to shoot any dog that tried to kill one of his sheep. |  | $\rightarrow$ threatening (adj) |
| distribute sth (v) <br> distribution (n) | Clothes, blankets and tents have been $\sim \mathrm{d}$ among civil-war refugees. <br> The UN organised the $\sim$ of aid supplies. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { divide and give out } \\ & \text { in shares } \end{aligned}$ |
| abandon sth (v) abandoned (adj) | When his car broke down, he had to $\sim$ it in the snow. We saw several ~ villages on our trip. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \rightarrow \text { ~ all hope } \\ =\text { deserted (adj) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| damage (n) <br> damages (n) | Severe thunderstorms have caused millions of dollars' worth of $\sim$. <br> He took his company to court (= sued it) and won \$ 100,000 in ~. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { cause harm } \\ & =\text { compensation (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| scare sb (v) | The watchdog has $\sim \mathrm{d}$ away the robber by barking loudly and fiercely. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \rightarrow \text { a scarecrow (n) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { That's scary! } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| scarce (adj) | During the war food, shoes and furniture were often ~ and of a poor quality. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { hard to get / rare } \\ & \rightarrow \text { scarcity }(\mathrm{n}) \end{aligned}$ |
| lack (sth) (v) a lack (of sth) (n) | Alex's real problem is that he $\sim$ s confidence. A ~ of vitamins can cause a number of symptoms. |  | = a shortage of sth |
| a shortage (of sth) (n) | Nowadays there is a ~ of skilled workers in the electronics industry. |  |  |
| get rid of sth (v) | Let's ~ of all that old furniture and buy something entirely new. |  | = remove sth (v) |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (10): -ING OR INFINITIVE AFTER VERBS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| finish + ING | I will go shopping as soon as I have $\sim$ ed [clean] our flat. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ begin/start + ING |
| avoid + ING | During our conversation I realized that he $\sim$ ed [answer] my questions. |  | $\rightarrow$ (adj) $\quad$ unavoidable |
| dare + to-INF | He didn't ~ [tell] his parents that he had failed all his exams. |  | $\rightarrow$ a daredevil (n) |
| consider + ING | Have you ever $\sim$ ed [go] to live in another country. |  | = think about + ING |
| decide + to-INF | It was already quite late, so we $\sim \mathrm{d}$ [take] a taxi home. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { take a decision } \\ & \text { (to do sth) } \end{aligned}$ |
| want sb + to-INF | He doesn't ~ me [know] anything about his financial problems- in fact, he doesn't want anybody to know. |  | NOT: want that !! |
| enjoy + ING | When he is on holiday, he always $\sim s$ not [have] to get up early. |  | $=$ be fond of + ING |
| promise + to-INF | You have $\sim \mathrm{d}$ [take] your little niece to the zoo today - so go ahead and do it! |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \rightarrow \text { give a promise } \\ \text { (to do sth) } \end{array}$ |
| quit + ING (quit / ) | She ~ [smoke] after her mother had died miserably of lung cancer. |  | = give up + ING |
| carry on + ING | We have to do something to improve our lives - we can't ~ [live] like this. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { go on }+ \text { ING } \\ & =\text { keep on }+ \text { ING } \end{aligned}$ |
| expect sb + to-INF | Every company $\sim$ s its employees [come] to work punctually ( $=$ on time). |  | $\rightarrow$ an expectation (n) |
| tend + to-INF | I am really fond of him, but unfortunately he $\sim \mathrm{s}$ [talk] too much. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \rightarrow \text { have a tendency } \\ \text { (to do sth) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| imagine + ING | I apologise for laughing at him, but I really can't $\sim$ him [ride] a motorbike. |  | $\rightarrow$ imagination (n) |
| admit + ING | After having been questioned by the police for several hours, she ~ed [have] stolen the money. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \leftrightarrow \text { deny + ING } \\ & \rightarrow \text { an admission (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { deny }+ \text { ING } \\ \quad(\text { denied } / \sim) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | She still $\sim \mathrm{d}$ [steal] the money, even though two witnesses saw her taking it. |  | $=$ she $\sim \mathrm{d}$ that she had stolen the money |
| pretend + to-INF | She ~ed not [see] me as we passed each other in front of a department store. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\text { she acted as if she } \\ \text { hadn't seen me } \end{gathered}$ |
| agree + to-INF | He really was in a difficult situation, so I $\sim \mathrm{d}$ [lend] him some money to smooth things over. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { reach an } \\ \text { agreement (n) } \end{gathered}$ |
| remind sb + to-INF | Could you please $\sim$ her [phone] Ann tomorrow? She has left five messages on our answering machine. |  | $\neq$ remember sth (v) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { to remember }+ \text { ING } \\ &+ \text { to-INF } \end{aligned}$ | He could $\sim$ [drive] along the road just before the accident happened, but he had forgotten about all the rest. Please $\sim$ [post] the letter today. It is urgent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { keep sth in your } \\ & \text { memory (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| suggest + ING | After two days at the holiday flat we were all a little bit bored, so I ~ed [go] to the cinema for a change. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\mathrm{I} \sim \text { d that we go ... } \\ & \rightarrow \text { suggestion (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| learn + (how) to-INF | At what age did you $\sim$ how [drive] a car? |  | $\rightarrow$ a slow learner (n) |
| appear + to-INF | Have you seen their mansion? - They really ~ [have] plenty of money. |  | = seem + to-INF |
| order sb + to-INF | The officer $\sim$ ed the soldiers [dig] five knee-deep trenches. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { give an order } \\ & \text { (to do sth) } \end{aligned}$ |
| warn sb + to-INF | He emphasised that this switch was dangerous and he ~ed me not [touch] it. |  | = give a warning |
| recommend + ING | I really wouldn't ~ [stay] at that hotel - I think it is a complete dump! |  | $\rightarrow \begin{array}{r}\text { I } \sim \text { that you look } \\ \text { for a better hotel. }\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { regret } & + \text { ING } \\ & + \text { to-INF } \end{aligned}$ | She really ~ted [call] him a lazy bastard - she knew that their relationship would never be the same again. <br> We ~ [inform] you that we are unable to offer you a job in our company. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\text { be sorry for } \\ \rightarrow \text { a regrettable } \\ \text { incident } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { forget } & + \text { ING } \\ & + \text { to-INF } \end{aligned}$ | He noticed too late that he had completely $\sim$ [do] his homework. <br> Make sure you don't ~ [do] your homework today. |  | $\rightarrow \begin{gathered}\text { He is always so } \\ \text { forgetful ! (adj) }\end{gathered}$ |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (11) : ADJECTIVES

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| scientific | This report is based on $\sim$ research and data. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { a scientist }(\mathrm{n}) \\ \text { science }(\mathrm{n}) \end{gathered}$ |
| actual | Some scientists claim that the $\sim$ number of AIDS victims is much higher than statistics show. |  | $\rightarrow$ actually (adv) |
| definite | Researchers have emphasised that it was too early to give a ~ answer to that question. |  | $\rightarrow$ 'the' is a ~ article |
| superficial | Unfortunately, he had just a ~ knowledge of economics, so he was unable to answer their questions. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ detailed (adj) |
| thorough <br> comprehensive | Police spokesmen have promised to carry out a ~ investigation. <br> The factory was given a ~ safety inspection three months ago. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { careful and detailed } \\ & =\text { including everything } \end{aligned}$ |
| urgent | Due to the drought there is an $\sim$ need for food and water in the whole area. |  | = needs to be dealt with as soon as possible |
| economic economical | $\sim$ growth is expected to slow down this year. <br> It is more $\sim$ to wash a full load of laundry than several small ones. |  | $\rightarrow$ the economy (n) = using the minimum amount of time or effort |
| generous <br> general | He had fallen in love with one of the waitresses, so he always gave her an extremely $\sim$ tip. <br> We're trying to raise awareness about the environment in $\sim$ and air pollution in particular. |  | $=$ giving more than is usual or expected <br> $\rightarrow$ as a ~ rule |
| obvious | It had been $\sim$ from the start that the suspect had something to hide. |  | = apparent (adj) |
| invisible | Germs and bacteria are $\sim$ to the naked eye. |  | = cannot be seen |
| advanced | German scientists were able to develop the most telescope in the world. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { sophisticated (adj) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { OALD } \end{aligned}$ |
| senior | Mr. Jones is the $\sim$ member of the firm, i.e. he is higher in rank than other employees. |  | $\rightarrow$ senior citizens (n) |
| sensible <br> sensitive | Her parents had always thought she was too $\sim$ to do anything foolish. <br> She was careful about what she said to him as she knew he was extremely $\sim$ to criticism. |  | $\begin{gathered} =\begin{array}{l} \text { reasonable } / \text { rational } \\ \quad(\text { adj }) \end{array} \\ =\text { easily hurt or offended } \\ (\text { a lotion for } \sim \text { skin }) \end{gathered}$ |
| precious | Gold, silver, and platinum are often called $\sim$ metals. |  | $=$ having great value <br> $\rightarrow$ appreciate (v) |
| convenient suitable (for) | Will it be ~ for you to bring your lunch to school? <br> The town's new playground is particularly $\sim$ for small children. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { not troublesome }(\mathrm{adj}) \\ & =\text { appropriate }(\mathrm{adj}) \end{aligned}$ |
| artificial <br> artistic | At night you have to read by ~ light, i.e. electric light or candlelight. <br> Our museum is proud of its many ~ works (works of art), especially its large collection of sculptures. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ natural (adj) <br> $\rightarrow$ an artist (n) |
| temporary | He took some painkillers, but they only provided ~ relief from his toothache. |  | = lasting for a short time <br> $\leftrightarrow$ permanent (adj) |
| gradual | A child's growth into an adult is ~. |  | = step by step |
| essential | Good food and enough rest are ~ for good health. |  | = indispensable / vital |
| previous (to) | $\sim$ to her departure she invited all her friends and relatives to a big farewell party. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline=\text { before / preceding } \\ \text { (prep) } \end{array}$ |
| ancient | In Egypt, we saw the ruins of an ~ temple which had been built six thousand years ago. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { belonging to times ... } \\ & \quad \text { long past } \end{aligned}$ |
| inherited | All his wealth is $\sim$, he has done nothing himself to deserve it. |  | $\rightarrow$ inherit sth from sb bequeath sth to sb |
| historic <br> historical | German reunification was an event of $\sim$ significance. It is a ~ fact that George Washington was the first President of the United States. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { important in history } \\ & =\text { concerning history } \end{aligned}$ |
| literal <br> figurative | A ~ translation, which follows the exact words of the original, is often difficult to understand. <br> Baptism is a ~ ceremony, which symbolises cleaning by washing away $\sin$. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \neq \text { literary (adj) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { literature (n) } \\ & =\text { symbolic } / \\ & \text { metaphorical } \end{aligned}$ |


| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bad-tempered | The ~ old man always chased the children away when they were playing in front of his house. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = having a bad temper / } \\ & \text { irritable (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| dishonest | Lying, cheating, and stealing are $\sim$. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { honour (n) } \\ \text { honest (adj) } \end{gathered}$ |
| indifferent (to) <br> careless | She had dozens of admirers, but she was $\sim$ to all of them. <br> Eventually a $\sim$ mistake ruined the whole experiment. |  | = showing no interest <br> $\leftrightarrow$ careful (adj) |
| aware (of) | I was too sleepy to be $\sim$ of how cold it actually was. |  | $=$ conscious (adj) |
| unconscious | He was knocked $\sim$ as soon as the car struck him. The $\sim$ is the part of the mind containing thoughts and feelings of which a person is not fully aware. |  | $\rightarrow$ lose consciousness <br> $\rightarrow$ unconscious fears, thoughts, desires etc. |
| self-conscious <br> self-confident | Since she reached puberty, their daughter is extremely $\sim$ in public <br> ~ people believe in their own abilities, power or judgement. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { easily embarrassed } \\ & \leftrightarrow \text { self-conscious (adj) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { confidence (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| sincere genuine | He made a ~ effort to pass his exams. <br> He was cheated by an art dealer who was able to persuade him that this painting was a $\sim$ Picasso. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { real } / \text { honest } \\ & =\text { original (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ordinary | In $\sim$ life we use a great many words with a total disregard for logical precision |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = usual; common; } \\ & \text { normal; regular (adj) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| contradictory | First reports of the election were so ~ that we could not tell who had won. |  | $=$ saying the opposite |
| unexpected | A sudden and $\sim$ change in the weather put the mountaineers at great risk. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \leftrightarrow \text { expected / } \\ & \text { anticipated (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ridiculous | It would be $\sim$ to walk backward all the time. |  | $=$ silly / unreasonable |
| determined | Scott, the ~ explorer, kept on marching in spite of a severe ice storm. |  | = resolved / having made up one's mind |
| faithful | His $\sim$ dog always followed him and kept him company. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = loyal (adj) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { have / lose faith in sb } \end{aligned}$ |
| jealous | When their little son sees his mother holding their new baby, he becomes ~immediately. |  | $\rightarrow$ jealousy (n) |
| physical <br> mental | Even before your exams you shouldn't forget to take regular ~exercise. <br> An increase in ~ problems and illnesses, for example depressions, is common to all wealthy societies. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \sim \text { disability } \\ & \rightarrow \text { body and mind (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| harmful | Many sweets contain ~ substances, for example artificial colouring or additives. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ harmless (adj) $\rightarrow$ do sb harm ( n ) |
| acid (adj / n) | Several kinds of fruit, e.g. lemons or grapefruit, contain some amount of ~. |  | $\rightarrow$ Acids have a pH value of less than 7. |
| impatient | He says that he doesn't mind looking after their baby, but he always gets $\sim$ after a short while. |  | $\rightarrow$ lose patience (n) <br> $\leftrightarrow$ patient (adj) |
| compulsory | Smoke detectors are $\sim$ in all new buildings. |  | $=$ obligatory <br> $\leftrightarrow$ voluntary |
| severe | The judge imposed a $\sim$ sentence on the criminal. |  | = strict / harsh (adj) |
| sufficient | Prosecutors were unable to provide $\sim$ proof of the man's guilt. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { enough (adj) } \\ & \leftrightarrow \text { insufficient (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| likely | One $\sim$ result of this heavy rain is the rising of the river. Due to this heavy rain the river is $\sim$ to rise. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = probably (adj) } \\ & \leftrightarrow \text { unlikely (adj) } \end{aligned}$ |
| convincing | The arguments of his lawyer were so ~ that the jury unanimously voted not guilty. |  | $\rightarrow$ convince/persuade sb. |
| unreliable | As existing statistics were rather $\sim$, researchers decided to carry out an additional survey. |  | $\rightarrow$ rely (on sb to do sth) <br> (v) |
| customary | In Western societies, it is ~ to exchange gifts at Christmas. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { usual }(\operatorname{adj}) \\ & \rightarrow \text { customs/traditions (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| widespread | It is a ~ though erroneous belief that spinach is extremely rich in iron. |  | $\rightarrow$ spread sth widely |


| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| actually | He pretended to be dumb and deaf，but $\sim$ he was able to understand everything we said． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 々 current(ly) } \\ & \text { 々 "aktuell" (dt.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| apparently | $\sim$ ，the company is losing a lot of money． |  | ＝as it appears |
| already | When she arrived at the airport，I had～left for Cologne． |  | $\leftrightarrow$ not ．．．yet |
| not ．．．yet | I＇m sorry，but I haven＇t finished my essay～．I＇m afraid I＇ll need another fifteen minutes． |  |  |
| just | I was $\sim$ leaving my flat when the telephone rang． |  |  |
| eventually | $\sim$ ，someone expressed publicly what they had all thought themselves． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = finally = at last } \\ & \text { 々 "eventuell" (dt.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| at least | He did not achieve very good results，but $\sim$ he was able to pass the course． |  | 々 at last |
| immediately | When they saw a huge army approaching，they surrendered～． |  | ＝at once |
| automatically | All lights will be turned off $\sim$ at 9 p．m． |  |  |
| before ago | In 1941，nylon was first used to make stockings，and the year～，it had first been used to produce toothbrushes． Harold won a gold medal in the Olympics four years～． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \leftrightarrow \text { after } \\ & =\text { "vor" (dt.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| besides | I don＇t like the colour and，$\sim$ ，it costs far more than I can afford． |  | ＝in addition additionally |
| furthermore | He does not receive any visitors in the afternoon．$\sim$ ，he left explicit orders not to be disturbed today． |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { moreover / } \\ & \text { what is more } \end{aligned}$ |
| consequently | I crashed his car when I borrowed it．～，I had to pay for all the repairs． |  | ＝as a result |
| sufficiently | His instructions were not～clear for us to understand． |  | $=$（clear）enough |
| equally | Although they always try to divide the housework $\sim$ ，she always complains about having to do everything herself． |  |  |
| approximately | The plane will be landing in $\sim 20$ minutes． |  | ＝about |
| fortunately unfortunately | $\sim$ ，the fire was discovered soon after it had started． <br> $\sim$ ，we couldn＇t visit the museum as it was closed． |  | ＝luckily |
| generally | Their plans for building a new shopping mall in the city centre have been $\sim$ accepted by the public． |  | $\rightarrow$ widely |
| hardly | The heat became almost unbearable，so that we could～ breathe． |  | 々 hard（adj／adv） |
| however | Sales have been rather poor for the last few months．There may，～，be an increase before Easter． |  | ＝nevertheless |
| instead | He decided not to join the army．～，he wanted to go to university and study engineering． |  | $\neq$ in spite of（prep） |
| perhaps | There were three，$\sim$ four thousand people at the concert． |  | $=$ maybe |
| mainly | Most tourists were from Northern Europe，～from Denmark and Sweden． |  | $=\underset{\text { predominantly }}{\text { primarily / }}$ |
| almost | ～one million people have been out of work for more than twelve months． |  | ＝nearly |
| particularly | She hates being interrupted，$\sim$ while she is working． |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { especially } \\ & \text { = in particular } \end{aligned}$ |
| probably | ～these two problems are interrelated，so we can＇t solve one without tackling the other one as well． |  | ＝it is likely that ．．． |
| therefore | Our manager was very busy．～she was not able to attend yesterday＇s meeting． |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { because of that / } \\ & \text { on account of that } \end{aligned}$ |
| thoroughly | He always says that he has～enjoyed his school days． |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { completely } / \\ & \text { entirely } \end{aligned}$ |
| undoubtedly | Britain has～changed for the better but voters seem to be ungrateful． |  | ＝without any doubt |
| under no circum－ stances | $\sim$ should you lend him any money．You can be sure not to be paid back． |  | ＝never ever |
| deliberately | He was found guilty of $\sim$ destroying his neighbour＇s property． |  | ＝intentionally |

## BASIC VOCABULARY (14) : WORDS FOLLOWED BY PREPOSITIONS

| FORMS | EXAMPLES | TRANSLATION | RELATED WORDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| listen to (v) | We often ~ the news in the evening. |  | \# to hear (heard / ~) |
| agree with (v) | My brother never $\sim \mathrm{s} \sim$ me. His opinions are always the opposite of what I think. |  | = be of the same opinion |
| depend on (v) | We are not sure whether to go out for a walk today - it really $\sim s \sim$ the weather. |  | $\rightarrow$ independence (n) |
| suffer from (v) | He has $\sim$ ed $\sim$ a rare form of diabetes since his childhood. |  | $\rightarrow$ human suffering (n) |
| apologise for (v) | The management are going to $\sim$ their mistakes, which led to a drop in profits. |  | $\rightarrow$ an apology (n) |
| apply for (v) (applied / ~) | When she got unemployed, she $\sim$ ied $\sim$ a new position, but unfortunately without success. |  | $\rightarrow$ an application (n) |
| worry about (v) | Don't ~ your exams - I am sure you will be able to pass them. |  | $\rightarrow$ be worried (adj) |
| complain about (v) | When she $\sim \mathrm{ed} \sim$ her food, the waiter promised to bring her something different immediately. |  | $\rightarrow$ a complaint (n) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { spend on } \\ & \quad \text { (v: spent } / \sim \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | He seems to $\sim$ all his money $\sim$ clothes and cigarettes. |  | $\rightarrow$ a spendthrift (n) |
| belong to (v) | You can't simply take that dictionary with you. After all, it $\sim s \sim$ me. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { own sth (v) } \\ & \text { be the owner (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { good at (adj) } \\ & \quad(\sim / \text { better / best }) \end{aligned}$ | English is no problem for her, but unfortunately she has never been ~ mathematics. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ be bad at (adj) (~ / worse / worst) |
| frightened of (adj) | She always takes the train because she is ~ flying / taking a plane. |  | $=$ be afraid of (adj) |
| enthusiastic (adj: about sth) | He is very ~ Italian food, especially pasta. (= be fond of / be keen on) |  | $\rightarrow$ enthusiasm (n) |
| similar to (adj) different from (adj) | People always remark that she looks quite $\sim$ her sister (they are like twins), but completely $\sim$ her brother. |  | $\rightarrow$ a striking similarity |
| interested in (adj) | He has always been $\sim$ reading books on history and science. |  | $=$ take an interest in <br> $\neq$ This is interesting! |
| surprised at / by (adj) | We were quite $\sim$ the weather - we hadn't expected that it would rain almost every day. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \text { a surprise (v) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { surprising (adj) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| aware of (adj) | I think she is $\sim$ the problems in her class but she is not sure what to do about it. |  | $=$ realise sth (v) |
| fed up (with sth) | I am ~ watching television all day - let's do something different for a change. |  | $=$ be tired of |
| crowded with (adj) | As on every weekend, the streets in the old town were ~ tourists of all nationalities. |  | $\begin{aligned} = & \text { full of (adj) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { a crowd (n) } \end{aligned}$ |
| capable of (adj) | She is a grown-up person, so surely she's perfectly ~ calling a doctor herself. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { having the abilities } \\ & \text { to do sth } \end{aligned}$ |
| wrong with (adj) | There is something $\sim$ that TV set - it is not working properly. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ right (adj) |
| responsible for (adj | After a long investigation police were able to arrest the man who was ~ the crime. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ irresponsible (adj) <br> $\rightarrow$ responsibility (n) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { rely on (v) } \\ \text { (relied / ~) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | A real friend is a friend that one can always $\sim$ - in good and in bad times. |  | $\rightarrow$ (un)reliable (adj) |
| by accident | I took his pen ~ - I thought it was mine. |  | = by mistake |
| by chance | We met $\sim$ in the city centre - We hadn't planned it - it was just luck. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { we happened to } \\ & \text { meet } \end{aligned}$ |
| on purpose | I am sure that he broke that vase ~-he had always intended to do it because he hated having to look at it. |  | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { deliberately (adv) } \\ & \rightarrow \text { intend to do sth } \end{aligned}$ |
| opposed to on the contrary | The principles of socialism and capitalism are absolutely ~ each other. <br> This must have been a terrible experience. - ~, I enjoyed every second of it. |  | $\begin{gathered} \rightarrow \text { the opposite (n) } \\ \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text { contrary to } \\ \text { popular belief } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| approve of (v) | Catherine's parents have never $\sim$ ed $\sim$ her marriage to John - they have always been opposed to it. |  | $\leftrightarrow$ be opposed to |
| except (prep) | He is rather dull as he hasn't got any interests $\sim$ collecting stamps. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = apart from (prep) } \\ & \neq \text { expect sb (v) } \end{aligned}$ |

